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THE KEY QUESTION IS: WHAT'S YOUR BEST FIT?

This guide aims to help you answer this question by providing:

- A clear overview of the business model options available to you
- The pros and cons of each business model
- Key considerations that may influence your decision to switch between models

There's no one-size-fits-all in this industry. Instead, it's about finding the best fit for your clients, your business, and your career.

WHAT ARE MY OPTIONS?



To find the best fit for you and your clients, you have to know what's possible.

This guide covers 6 main business model options for financial advisors and PMs in Canada:

IIROC-registered financial advisor or PM	1. Employee of an existing IIROC-registered firm
	2. Independent agent of an existing IIROC-registered firm
auvisor or PM	3. Registrant of your own IIROC-registered firm
Provincially registered PM	4. Employee of an existing provincially registered PM firm
	5. Independent agent of an existing provincially registered PM firm
	6. Registrant of your own provincially registered PM firm

Although there are other options (e.g. MFDA advisor), they fall outside the scope of this guide.

WHAT'S THE DIFFERENCE

Six of one, half dozen of the other? Not quite.

The business models in this guide differ considerably in terms of your relationship with your firm, your level of business independence, and your operational environment.

Even within the same business model, these factors can vary significantly from one firm to another.

Understanding these differences will help you determine which models best align with your business and goals.



"BE CLEAR ON WHAT YOU WANT. DO YOU WANT A SUPPORTED MODEL WHERE YOU CAN FOCUS ON JUST CLIENTS, OR ARE YOU LOOKING TO CREATE AN OUTSIDE-THE-BOX SOLUTION THAT BETTER MEETS YOUR CLIENTS' NEEDS?"

KAMAL BASRAFinancial Advisor Sophia Financial of Raymond James Ltd.

ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE —

Salaried employee, sole proprietor, or incorporated entity?

Your options for structuring your business and receiving securities revenue depend on your business model:

- As an employee, you operate as a salaried employee (T4); as an independent agent, you operate as a sole proprietor. In both cases, you are not permitted to receive securities revenue directly into your own incorporated entity.
- As the registrant of your own firm, you are permitted to operate as an incorporated entity. Doing so is generally considered the best way to achieve tax and other succession-related advantages.



IIROC-registered	1. Employee	Salaried employee (T4)
financial	2. Independent agent	Sole proprietor
advisor or PM	3. Registrant	Incorporated entity
Provincially registered PM	4. Employee	Salaried employee (T4)
	5. Independent agent	Sole proprietor
	6. Registrant	Incorporated entity

"AT RAYMOND JAMES, YOU
OWN YOUR BOOK AND HAVE
FLEXIBILITY. YOU CAN BE OPEN
ABOUT YOUR PLANS TO SWITCH
BUSINESS MODELS. THEY WILL
SUPPORT THIS AND ENCOURAGE
TRANSPARENCY. THERE'S
NO RISK IN THIS SENSE."

MARC-ANDRÉ TURCOT

Portfolio Manager Demos – Gestion de Patrimoine Familial



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INDEPENDENCE

Your business, your way?

Independence covers a wide range of topics, from the clients you can work with and the services you can offer to your office environment and how you market your business.

This spans a spectrum from the least independence as an employee to full independence as the registrant of your own firm. As an employee or independent agent, your level of independence depends on your firm's policies and culture. Of course, whatever your business model, your independence is framed by the regulatory environment in which you operate.

It's also important to recognize that increased independence typically comes as a trade-off with greater responsibility and less direct support from your firm.

ALTHOUGH YOU

HAVE MORE SAY IN

RUNNING YOUR BUSINESS AS AN

INDEPENDENT AGENT, YOU MUST

STILL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS AND

FOLLOW THE POLICIES SET BY

THE FIRM WITH WHICH YOU

ARE REGISTERED.

IIROC-registered	1. Employee	Independence determined by	
financial advisor or PM	2. Independent agent	your firm's policies & culture	
	3. Registrant	Full independence	
Provincially registered PM	4. Employee	Independence determined by	
	5. Independent agent	your firm's policies & culture	
	6. Registrant	Full independence	



BOOK OWNERSHIP

If you own your book, you own your future.

Your options for structuring your business and receiving securities revenue depend on your business model:

As an employee or independent agent, whether you own your book comes down to your firm's policies and culture. In general:

- If you're at a bank, you don't own your book
- If you're at an independent firm, you might own your book

IIROC-registered financial	1. Employee	Book ownership determined by	
	2. Independent agent	your firm's policies & culture	
advisor or PM	3. Registrant	Full ownership of your book of business	
Provincially registered PM	4. Employee	Book ownership determined	
	5. Independent agent	by your firm's policies & culture	
	6. Registrant	Full ownership of your book of business	

"WHEN IT COMES TO SUCCESSION PLANNING, I HAVE LITTLE TRUST IN BANK-OWNED FIRMS TO DO WHAT IS BEST FOR MY CLIENTS AND MY TEAM."

WAYNE MCNEILL

Senior Vice President & Wealth Advisor Raymond James Ltd.



COMPENSATION

Your business model influences the type of compensation you are allowed to receive:

- ► IIROC-REGISTERED ADVISOR OR PM You can charge commissions and transaction-based fees, fees for service, or a combination of these approaches.
- PROVINCIALLY REGISTERED PM
 You may only charge fees for service; you may not charge commissions or transaction-based fees.

FOR THE EMPLOYEE

MODEL IN PARTICULAR, YOUR

COMPENSATION STRUCTURE CAN

VARY ENORMOUSLY FROM ONE FIRM

TO ANOTHER. IT MAY INCLUDE ANY

COMBINATION OF THE FOLLOWING: BASE

SALARY, BONUS, AND A PERCENTAGE

OF THE FEES AND/OR COMMISSIONS

PAID BY YOUR CLIENTS.

Your business model also influences the percentage of total fees and/or commissions you receive:

- As an employee or independent agent, you are typically paid a percentage of the fees and/or commissions paid by your clients, with your firm retaining the balance.
 - As an independent agent, your payout percentage is higher than as an employee, but you also incur local overhead costs for running your business (e.g. office rent).
- As the registrant of your own firm, you receive 100% of the fees and/or commissions paid by your clients.
 - However, you also incur overhead costs for running your business such as registration and compliance costs, as well as custody and trade charges, unless you pass these through to your clients.

COMPENSATION

IIROC-registered financial advisor or PM	1. Employee	0%–60% of the fees and/or commissions paid by your clients
	2. Independent agent	60%-85% of the fees and/or commissions paid by your clients
	3. Registrant	100% of the fees and/or commissions paid by your clients
Provincially registered PM	4. Employee	0%–60% of the fees paid by your clients
	5. Independent agent	60%–80% of the fees paid by your clients
	6. Registrant	100% of the fees paid by your clients

Note: The ranges above are approximations of the direct drive component (i.e. fees and/or commissions) of your compensation. They can vary depending on your firm's base salary and bonus structure.

"I'M ABLE TO STRUCTURE
MY BUSINESS TO GROW
AND EVENTUALLY BE SOLD
IN THE MOST TAX EFFICIENT
MANNER POSSIBLE."

ROB POLLARD

Senior Vice President & Portfolio Manager Raymond James Ltd.



NAVIGATING THE RISK/REWARD TRADE-OFF



There isn't one 'best' business model for advisors and PMs in Canada.

Instead, each option has pros and cons, and determining the best fit for you depends on your experience, preferences, and career goals.

Consider these key issues when assessing the risk/reward trade-off:

	Independence	Compensation	Operational Support
Employee	Independence increases along the spectrum from employee to independent agent to registrant Increased independence also comes with risk/ reward trade-offs	Potentially eligible for restricted stock units and corporate retirement plans	Almost everything is provided in a plug-and-play environment
Independent agent		ctrum from employee to ndent agent to registrant ed independence Receive a higher mes with risk/ payout compared with	Independence to set up your own business as you see fit while depending on your firm for key systems, compliance, etc.
Registrant			Responsible for all technology, but you may leverage a custodial platform for some/all administrative, technology, and product solutions

STRIKING THE RIGHT BALANCE

	Branding	Team Building
Employee	Little control and must remain aligned with your firm's branding policies	Potential for having a say in hiring an assistant, but otherwise the composition of your team/branch environment is largely determined by your firm or branch manager
Independent agent	Some firms allow for co-branding, meaning you develop a unique brand for your business while also leveraging your firm's brand recognition	Build your own team and company culture, which gives you greater control in shaping your working environment
Registrant	Full control over the branding of your business	



"IT'S ALL ABOUT RISK AND REWARD.

WE COUNSEL OUR CLIENTS ABOUT
RISK AND REWARD, AND IT'S
THE SAME THING WHEN YOU'RE
COMPARING THE EMPLOYEE MODEL
AND INDEPENDENT AGENT MODEL."

BERNARDINE PERREIRA

Financial Advisor
Perreira Wealth Advisory of Raymond James Ltd.

THINKING ABOUT SWITCHING IT UP

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What does it take to switch?

Switching from one business model to another varies in complexity and difficulty depending on a variety of factors, including which models you are switching between, where you are located, and whether you are also changing firms.

WHAT IT TAKES TO SWITCH —

Each business model has specific requirements related to the following:

- Financial resources
- Relevant investment management experience
- Appropriate securities licensing

In addition, there are general requirements that will help to facilitate any change in business model, including:

- A mentor or experienced peer
- Transition support
- Planning and patience
- Strong client relationships
- Entrepreneurial mindset



CONSIDERING AN
INDEPENDENT AGENT OR
REGISTRANT BUSINESS MODEL? BE
PREPARED FOR THE GRITTY SIDE OF
ENTREPRENEURSHIP. THIS MEANS MANAGING
HR, OVERSEEING OPERATIONS, AND RUNNING
FINANCE. IT INCLUDES FITTING OUT AN
OFFICE AND BUYING COPIER PAPER AND
TOILET PAPER. IN OTHER WORDS,
IT'S LOOKING AFTER ALL THE
DETAILS, BIG AND SMALL.

"CONSIDER WHAT SUPPORT
YOU NEED TO GET UP AND
RUNNING, WHAT YOUR
SHORT-TERM AND LONGTERM PRIORITIES ARE, AND
HOW IMPORTANT TRUE, FULL
INDEPENDENCE IS TO YOU."

RENE BABIN

Financial Advisor Raymond James | Rene Babin



WHAT ARE THE BARRIERS?

Changing business models is a significant step and may require you to overcome certain barriers, such as:

- Awareness (you can't switch to a new business model if you don't know it exists)
- Fear of the unknown
- Meeting licensing and proficiency requirements when switching between IIROC and provincial registration
- Navigating a complex transition process
- Shifting clients from a commission and transaction-based model to a fee-based model
- Risk of client dissatisfaction or alienation under the new model

None of these barriers is insurmountable.

What it takes to succeed is thoughtful planning, sound advice, and a clear understanding of where you're headed with your business and career.







What's right for others may not be right for you.

Finding the business model that fits best with your needs and aspirations may take time, but it is worth the effort if it leads to greater professional alignment and satisfaction.

"AT RAYMOND JAMES,
ADVISOR SERVICES ARE
FRONT AND CENTRE, RATHER
THAN AN AFTERTHOUGHT."

ERIK MOISAN

Vice President & Portfolio Manager, Private Client Group, Raymond James Ltd.



RAYMOND JAMES®

TIPS FOR FINDING YOUR FIT

DO YOUR DUE DILIGENCE

If you are considering switching to a different business model, speak with colleagues or a mentor with firsthand experience who can help you understand the opportunities and requirements.

SEEK OUT A FIRM OFFERING MULTIPLE BUSINESS MODELS

Changing business models is much easier if you can do it within the same firm. Firms offering multiple business models can give you greater flexibility and support to transition at the right time for your business and career.

ADOPT A LONG VIEW WITH A STEPWISE APPROACH

Going from employee of an existing firm to registrant of your own firm is a big leap in terms of required experience and financial resources. A stepwise approach in which you go from employee to independent agent to registrant can be a good way to reduce the risk and friction of this transition.



Keep in mind that the best fit for your business may change over the course of your career. "AT FIRST, I WAS LOOKING AT GOING STRAIGHT FROM AN EMPLOYEE MODEL AT A BANK TO AN INDEPENDENT AGENT MODEL AT RAYMOND JAMES, BUT I REALIZED THAT CHANGING FIRM AND MODEL WOULD BE TOO MUCH CHANGE AT ONE TIME."

TERRY WRIGHT

Wealth Management Advisor & Senior Portfolio Manager LT Wealth Management Partners of Raymond James Ltd.



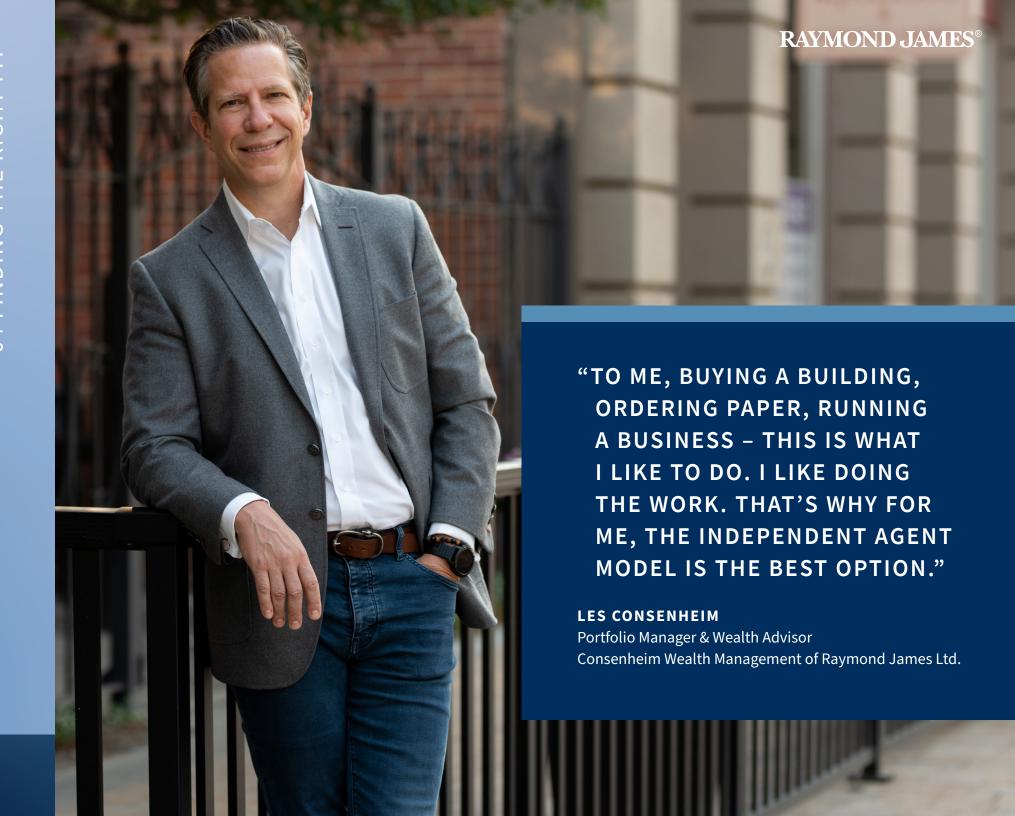
BEST FIT QUESTIONNAIRE

Need help identifying the right business model for you?

Start by answering these questions:

- What's best for your clients your current business model or a different one?
- What aspects of your practice do you like best?
- How big is your book of business currently, and what do you see as its realistic growth potential over the medium term?
- What are your succession plans/aspirations for your book of business?

 Does your current business model allow for your ideal succession outcome?
- 5 What securities licenses do you currently hold?
- 6 Do you have entrepreneurial experience?
- Would you enjoy the sometimes gritty operational aspects of running a business?
- Bo you have a solid team that can form the core of your own business?



KEY TAKEAWAYS ———

For financial advisors and PMs, finding the right business model is about determining where you can truly thrive.

So how can you determine your best fit? Start here:

- **Educate yourself** on the business models available to you
- 2 Assess your current business and where you want to take it
- 3 Weigh the risk/reward trade-off for different models
- 4 Find a mentor or peer and lean on their experience and expertise
- 5 To switch models, plan thoroughly and do your due diligence
- 6 Recognize that your best fit may change throughout your career

Finding your best fit comes down to finding the sweet spot – for your clients, your business, and your career. Good luck!



